

THEY MEET TODAY RAILROAD NEWS.

To Perfect Arrangements for a Great Big Enterprise.

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS

To Join in Building a Block Where They Will All Be Together—Several Sites Discussed.

The produce commission merchants of Atlanta will hold a meeting today, and at that meeting the full details of the building they expect to put up will probably be decided upon.

The meeting will, therefore, be an important and interesting one.

Some time ago representatives of the ten leading commission firms got together and discussed the feasibility of erecting in conjunction a large block into which all these firms could go. The idea was at first a hand-some and commodious structure, fully equipped with all facilities that would reduce the cost of handling produce and promote the interests of the wholesale commission business.

Mr. J. W. Phillips, Jr., who is one of the principal movers in the matter, said yesterday: "We are going right ahead, and expect to have the building under construction within a short time. The money has all been subscribed, and the company formally organized. I say formally—that is, we have reached a perfect understanding and agreement, and the papers have been signed up. Appropriate committees have been appointed to take charge of each department of the preliminaries, and they are actively engaged in the details of the work."

"Will it be an incorporated company?" Mr. Phillips was asked.

"No," he replied. "We, the wholesale commission merchants of Atlanta, each appreciating the great advantage such a building would be to our individual and common interest, just met, agreed upon the material preliminaries and subscribed the money necessary to buy the property and construct the building. We are now ready to proceed with the work of construction as soon as we can get a suitable location. What we want is a location eligible to railroad facilities and with good outlet to the city. We have had several liberal propositions from the different railroads, who have offered us concessions in order to get to handle the business, and we will accept the best one."

"Have you any particular location in view?"

"Yes, several. We have been looking at a piece of property on Spring street near the old elevator. That property has been offered us for \$45,000. If we accept this we will make an effort to have a new building erected across the railroad to new Alabama street. There are negotiations pending for the construction of a mammoth warehouse by one of the railroads, which proposes to build a bridge across the tracks and make an outlet for the site which we are considering. If they do that it will be just what we want."

"What will be the probable cost of the building?"

"We have estimated it at \$70,000. There are ten firms interested, and we think we can buy the property and build the building at a cost of about seven thousand dollars from each. The block will contain at least ten storerooms, and will be two or more, probably three stories high. It will be built with a special view to facilitate the handling of our business, and equipped with all conveniences for us. We want to get the wholesale commission business all in one place, and here, as it is in other large cities. We are now scattered all over town, are paying high rent, and have not the facilities and conveniences that we have in other cities. The several committees on purchase of property, railroad inducements, plans and specifications will hold a meeting today, and it will probably be decided just what the permanent plans of the company will be."

PUT UNDER HEAVY BOND.

Mr. West, of Thomaston, Will Have a Tussle with the Courts.

THOMASTON, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—There was excitement in business circles today. Mr. John T. West, a leading young business man of this city, was arrested tonight under a new writ requiring him to give a fifty-thousand-dollar bond. The writ was issued by Judge Hanson and was taken out at the instigation of J. Monroe Lee, who represents a Knoxville clothing house.

L. L. Hayes and J. L. Pringle promptly went on his bond.

The particulars seem to be as follows: Last night Mr. West went to a party at the residence of a man by which he sold his entire stock of clothing. The amount paid is unknown. Early this morning a large force of hands were at work transferring the goods to Mr. Steyerman's store. At an early hour the store was completely emptied of its contents. The creditors of Mr. West began to investigate, and the result was that Judge Hanson issued a writ requiring Mr. West to show cause why he should not be held in custody until he had paid the creditors of his store. Mr. West is one of the most prominent young business men in the city.

CHARGED WITH SMUGGLING.

Professor Von der Hoya-Schultze in the Federal Court.

SAVANNAH, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—The case of Professor and Dr. Von der Hoya, charged with smuggling fifteen thousand dollars' worth of violins and other musical instruments into this country, is still on trial in the United States court. Mr. Boermann, of the Kimball house, of Atlanta, testified to the professor having had many instruments stored at the hotel over a year before the time he was charged with having smuggled them in. Professor and Mrs. Von der Hoya were examined today. They testified that the seized instruments have been in their possession in some instances for several years, and that they were a collection of a long period, instead of having been smuggled in here at the time and in the manner stated by the government. Professor Von der Hoya says that he inherited a number of the violins at the death of his father some years ago.

THOMASTON, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—Dorcas Bell, a negro woman living on Mrs. Alice Futch's place, was horribly burned Wednesday. She lived alone, and had been out to visit one of her neighbors, and on returning, found her house burning. She ventured too near the flames, and her clothing caught on fire and was completely burned from her body. The neighbors found her in a blaze, but too late to stay the terrible results. Mr. John Knapp, in his efforts to extinguish the flames, was severely burned on both hands. The woman was a horrible mass of burned and bleeding flesh.

Two Daily Papers.

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Freight Traffic Is Increasing on Southern Lines.

A SIGN OF IMPROVING TRADE.

Assistant Grand Chief Wilkins Addresses the Conductors—General Railroad Gossip.

Freight business is picking up on the railroads. This is particularly true of the Western and Atlantic.

Superintendent McCollum said yesterday that he had looked for an improvement in traffic about the middle of the month. He was pleased to see it come earlier than it was expected.

The increase is in no special line of freight, but embraces all sorts of traffic. More general merchandise is being shipped than for many weeks, and this is proof that general business is picking up. When general trade is dull, the railroads feel it right away. If business drops off so that instead of handling 300 cars a day on a division only 200 are handled, it can be seen at a glance that general trade has declined.

Traffic has been dull all over the south since November. This spurt which is being felt now is believed to be an indication of a lasting improvement.

Anxious Stockholders.

The settlement of the Georgia Pacific's claim against the Central Railroad Company for \$800,000 is awaited with interest. The Central's stockholders do not believe that the Georgia Pacific advanced any such sum or that the Richmond and Danville did through the Georgia Pacific.

One says: "The Richmond and Danville drew heavily upon the Central. Large amounts were borrowed from the Central's bank under promise of repayment. All of the \$300,000 which was given the bank from the proceeds of the sale of bonds by Hollins in 1887 or 1888 was withdrawn. Last summer the bank's working capital was cut down to such a small sum that it could not do a general banking business. The Georgia Pacific's guarantee to maintain the central lease and to pay the stockholder 7 per cent dividend is \$1,000,000, and the Georgia Pacific's claim is only \$300,000. Supposing that it is not really entitled to that \$800,000 but should manage to get it. Then if it misad a semi-annual dividend of \$252,500 and the lease was broken, it would not be out of pocket much."

All the Places Are Filled.

Over five hundred applications have been made to Colonel Stanton, for positions in the Southern Railway and Steamship Association.

All the positions have been filled. There are not so many places to fill after all. Some of the old men from the Southeastern Mississippi Valley Association came here from Memphis. Most of them have remained. A few went back.

The Scrap Heap.

General Manager Knapp and Chief Clerk Macdonald, of the Georgia Southern, were up from Macon yesterday.

General Passenger Agent James L. Taylor, of the Richmond and Danville, returned yesterday from New York.

The action of the Southeastern Mississippi Railway Association in shutting the Nickel Plate off, does not involve the consolidated association.

A telegram from Carthage, Mo., says that for many years the Frisco railway has refused to pay the taxes assessed against it by the county. It was instructed to attach every freight train that should stop at Carthage. Passenger trains were exempted, because the officials did not care to interfere with the mails. Word of the issuance of the attachment was passed along the Frisco line today, and every freight train went down to Carthage without stopping. The collector, finding himself outwitted at that point, attached the station and all its contents.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

October Term, 1891—Order of Circuits, with the Number of Cases Undisposed Of.

Macon 20 Albany 6

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Panama 40 Jones 13

Southwestern 10 Brown 10

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Adjudged to this morning at 11 o'clock.

A New Church for Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—At a meeting this evening of the officers of the First Presbyterian church it was unanimously resolved to commence the rebuilding of their church, which was destroyed by fire a few months since. George H. Kennedy, of Anniston, was awarded the contract for the new building, which, in the exterior, will be a fine example of the burned church in the state. The sum of \$20,000 was devoted to this purpose.

Office Supplies.

of every kind at John M. Miller's, Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. jan10 1m

Where Wheeler Is Wanted.

JASPER, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—Davis Cowart, deputy sheriff, goes to Atlanta this evening after David Wheeler, charged with arson in this county. Wheeler has been in the Atlanta jail nearly two years. He was arrested by United States deputy marshals on a warrant of conspiracy, and has been in jail awaiting a trial. He is charged with being a member of the Honest Men's Friend and Protection society months ago. He will be brought here, and will, perhaps, have to wait till April for a trial.

The Fire Grows in Damage.

SAVANNAH, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—The fire at Sternberg's jewelry store, on Broughton street, on Wednesday night, proves to have caused more loss than was at first estimated. The fire now places its loss at \$20,000, and the insurance companies believe it will run up to at least \$15,000. All of the handsome and expensive pieces of jewelry and silverware were ruined by water, and considerable expensive ware was broken and otherwise damaged.

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PLAYED ALIVE.

The White Caps of Worth County Grow Active.

CALL UPON AN UNFAITHFUL HUSBAND,

And Together with His Female Companion, Make Him Feel the Keen Sting of Twisted Ropes.

ALBANY, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—From Mr. Abe Champion, of Worth county, who was in the city today, your correspondent learned of the operations of a band of white caps who have undertaken to punish all who come under their displeasure.

Some time since, a farmer by the name of Thomas Ireland and his wife fell out and separated. Ireland left his spouse in possession of their home, and went himself to live in the tenant house on the premises. While residing there, Ireland secured the services of Miss Josephine Champion as his cook and housekeeper, and seemed to be getting along very satisfactorily to himself when, on the night of the 23d of January, while he was sick, he was visited by the regulars, who, being denied admittance, broke the door down with a fence rail, and, rushing in, threw light wads of cotton saturated with kerosene on the floor.

The Couple Part.

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Taken Out to Punishment.

Champion was pulled out of bed, and with Miss Champion, was taken to a branch some distance away, and subjected to a terrible beating. Five men struck him with blows each, with a piece of line doubled four times. He was then knocked insensible with a heavy walking stick. The mob then attempted to denude Miss Champion, preparatory to giving her a similar dose, but her stout resistance and loud screams brought assistance from several neighbors, whose advent on the scene caused the white caps to decamp, not, however, before they had given Ireland warning to return to the bed and board of his wife within ten days, leave the country, or be killed.

He Leaves the Country.

Ireland chose the second alternative and came to Albany last Monday night, in his flight from the vengeance of the white caps. It is said he was literally flayed alive, and it was with the greatest difficulty he accomplished his departure, owing to his bruised and bleeding condition. It is said that the men who composed the band were recognized by both Ireland and Miss Champion, and that they were all present at the trial of the law by Miss Champion's large family connection. The scene of the outrage was in the southwest corner of Worth county, near the line of Colquitt.

Drs. J. M. & Don B. Bosworth,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Specialty: Diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

Office, 101 Marietta street, Atlanta.

Oct 17 1st sat tue thu 2lp

COTTON IS AWAY DOWN.

And There Is Talk of Holding It Over for Next Year.

SAVANNAH, Ga., February 5.—[Special.]—Savannah is stocked up with cotton. According to the calculations of a cotton factor, there are now stored in the city fifty 50,000 bales. When Sherman entered Savannah he found 27,000 bales here. There is, therefore, at present about 23,000 more bales in the city's warehouses than at that time. The value of this cotton is about one million five hundred thousand dollars. The cotton and warehouse charges on it foot up a pretty good sum. Middling is down to 62 cents. This is within one-eighth of a cent of the lowest price it has reached. The little spot of cotton up to 7 cents a short time ago did not last long. The condition of the market is not a result of speculation, but of receipts. When they fall off a better tone is at once manifested. When they increase, it becomes dead again. Spots have not dropped as much as futures, owing to the absence of a pressure to sell that existed a few weeks ago. If the acreage should be generally reduced 10 to 20 per cent, and the weather should not prove so favorable as in the past two years, prices would boom next fall, and the man who bought cotton now would hold it for a splendid profit. It would probably cost him about two cents a pound for insurance and storage while he was carrying it, and under such conditions, prices would certainly be more than that much higher than what he paid for it. At the same time there is precious little inclination to buy cotton, to hold it as a pure speculation. Men seem to be afraid that another enormous crop may be ahead.

BALLARD HOUSE.

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan12-dly

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

Indigestion and Stomach Disorders, use BROWN'S RICE BITTERS.

All dealers keep it. \$1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

NOTICE.

The City of Cedartown, Ga., will receive bids, up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 20th instant, for laying about six (6) miles of water pipes for the city's new waterworks; also, for the construction of stand pipe.

Plans and specifications to be seen in office of L. J. Wagner, superintendent of construction, at Rome, Ga., or in office of board of water commissioners in Cedartown, Ga.

J. E. HOUSEAL,

Chairman Board of Water Commissioners.

Cedartown, Ga., Feb. 3, 1892. feb 6, 4104

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

Save your money. Teach your children to save money. Encourage your employees and servants to save money. Let all form the habit of saving money. This you secure a home. This you save trouble and independent when sickness, misfortune and old age come. Baltimore people have about \$100,000,000 in savings banks. Every family makes it a rule to save something every week or month. The state of Maine, with only 600,000 inhabitants, has \$60,000,000 in savings banks. These people have formed the habit of saving. Let the Atlanta people begin to save their spare money.

The Guaranty Loan and Investment Co.,

at No. 48 Marietta street, in the old capitol, has a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

and receives deposits from 10c upwards. Put in your dimes and you will soon have dollars. The company will pay you 6 per cent interest the first year and 7 per cent each succeeding year. Interest begins as soon as your deposit amounts to \$100. You can withdraw your money, according to the company's rules, at any time. Get one of the company's savings books and see how easy it is to save when interest is paid, and then open your account at once with

The Guaranty Loan and Investment Co.,

48 MARIETTA STREET.

Atlanta, Ga., February 1, 1892.

5th-dm

DIFFERING IN EVERY RESPECT.

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts differ in every respect from all others. They are more uniform, more economical, because it requires but a small quantity to impart the desired flavor. They are true to nature, as they are made from the fruit. Their flavor is most delicate and pleasing to the taste. They are not the cheapest but they are the best. Try Dr. Price's Vanilla, Lemon, or Orange Extract and we guarantee that they will prove to be all that could be desired by connoisseurs, viz.: perfection.

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COURT MATTERS.

Bill Filed in the Oglethorpe Manufacturing Company's Case.

WORK OF THE CITY COURT YESTERDAY.

A Call of the Docket Yesterday—A Damage Suit—Other News of the Courts.

Mr. W. A. Bradley was appointed receiver of the Oglethorpe Manufacturing Company last week.

The Oglethorpe Manufacturing Company is the property of Mr. Robert M. Clarke, who died, and is located in DeKalb county.

The receiver was appointed upon application of the administrator of the estate of the deceased.

Yesterday Messrs. Currier and Malone, as trustees for the first mortgage bondholders of the Oglethorpe Manufacturing Company, filed their answer and creditors' petition under the provisions of the chancery law.

It was the old, old story of not being satisfied with a large amount of money and a judicious investment of it. He aspired to be rich, and he began speculating in futures. It was the beginning of a downfall.

One day he lost \$7,000, and from that time his money gradually dwindled away.

Almost penniless, Cunningham resolved to quit Atlanta and try to start out on his own.

He came to Atlanta, looked about for work and finally was compelled, through the influence of a friend, to accept a position on the police force.

Since then he has served continuously as a policeman through want of something better to do.

The change in his finances wrought an equally great change in his manner and disposition. From a congenial, jovial fellow, he grew to be morose and shunned society.

His sons, Robert and Will, grew up and recently secured excellent positions at the First National bank, the one as bookkeeper and the other as assistant teller.

In this connection and personally they are spoken of very highly, and no two young men in Atlanta have more friends or warmer ones.

It seems to have been a family misfortune that brought about the lack of harmony in the Cunningham family, which culminated in Cunningham's assault on his son and Mrs. Cunningham's swearing out a warrant against her husband on the charge of battery.

Monday night the police commissioners will investigate the case. A formal charge against Cunningham has been preferred, and yesterday Chief Connolly suspended Cunningham until the matter is disposed of by the commissioners.

He has for some time been a quiet but very effective policeman on the morning watch.

TO CLEAN OUT THE BANKS. And Monopolize the Money-Lending Business.

P. H. Bianchini, who claims Chicago as his home, is creating something of a sensation in this city just now.

Mr. Bianchini is a man apparently about forty years of age, of erect carriage, a good talker, and of altogether prepossessing appearance. He has been in the city only a short time. He claims that he came to Atlanta for the purpose of establishing a manufactory of iron fencing.

"My capital is \$300,000," he says, "and I shall bring 1,000 laborers to this city that I intend paying \$2 per day for eight hours' work, no more no less."

"Look at me," he continued. "My wife in Chicago is worth in her own name \$40,000, and I myself am worth a good sum."

Yesterday Bianchini went to the American Trust and Banking Company, in the Gould building, and presented a check signed by himself. The cashier, not knowing Bianchini, did not pay it. As the bank officer's refusal to cash the check he flew into a rage and left the bank, swearing that if the bank did not discharge the cashier at once he would go back to Chicago and diverting all his property into cash, would return to Atlanta and loan any amount of money at 2 per cent, and paralyze financial circles.

Mr. Bianchini says he slept night before last and last night in a boarding house on Pryor street on the floor. He says he has no money here, and is compelled, in consequence, to do this.

LARRY FOR CONGRESS.

He Says He's in the Race for the Eighth, and in It to Stay.

Larry Gantt is a candidate for congress from the good old eighth district.

And he is going to make the race on a platform composed of genuine alliance and democratic doctrines. His position on the issues of the day is well known. He will make war on the third party tendency, and will preach democracy, pure and undiluted.

Mr. Gantt spent yesterday in Atlanta, and talked freely on all subjects except politics.

"The farmers," said he, "are in worse condition than I have ever known them to be in before. There is less money among them, and less encouragement. This is true all over the state. Last year was a lesson to the farmers, and as long as they remember it they will never repeat the folly of raising all cotton. The acreage in cotton will be reduced fully 25 per cent this year. And another thing, the farmers are not going to buy much grain this year. They are learning that it does not pay to pay such high prices for fertilizers and get such a poor price for cotton. Yes, I believe the farmers will grow more corn and more prosperous one for the farmers than was last year."

Mr. Gantt proposes to make a lively fight for congressional honors. Mr. Gantt speaks of a gathering of all-unionists at Rutledge today.

Diaries.

for 1892 at John M. Miller's, Opera House Block, Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga. jan10

DIED IN A HAK.

A Negro Takes His Last Ride Alive Last Evening in a Public Vehicle.

About 7 o'clock last evening a negro hailed Milton Maddox, a hack driver, on Markham street, and entered the vehicle.

Ten minutes later Maddox noticed the occupant of his hack lying stretched out, and on investigation found him dead.

The driver immediately reported the matter to an officer and then drove to Howard's, where the dead man was carried. He was identified as a negro named Roundtree, but nothing further could be told about him.

Coroner Davis was notified and will hold an inquest this morning. The negro's death is supposed to have been due to heart disease, but the coroner's inquest may bring out other developments.

He May Not Go Free.

It appears, however, that Wheeler will have to answer the charge of arson in Pickens county. Deputy Sheriff David Cowart, of that county, will arrive here today and carry him to Jasper where he will be tried in April.

Will Do.

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THE STATE CAPITOL.

An Important Decision of the Railroad Commission.

ABOUT ROADS INTERCHANGING FREIGHT.

The Waycross Prisoners Taken Away from Savannah-Griffin and Warm Springs the Sole Bidders.

A very important rule was rendered by the railroad commission yesterday, bearing upon the interchange of business in Georgia between the railroads.

It is a rule, too, that is calculated to hasten freight to long transportation, as it tends to take those lines neglecting and delaying freight at connecting points with other roads.

The rule is the most important one the commission has passed for a long time, as it puts a penalty on all railroads delaying freight at junction points of connecting lines.

Here are the texts of the new rules thus applying:

1. Railroads shall without delay switch off and deliver to any connecting road of the same gauge all cars consigned to points on or beyond such connecting roads.

2. They shall, at the terminus of any intermediate points without obstruction or delay, receive from the connecting road of the same gauge, when offered, all cars consigned to any point on that road to which the same is offered, or any connecting road with said road to which it is destined, and to transport said cars to their destination with reasonable diligence.

3. No railroad shall discriminate in its rates or tariffs of freight in favor of any line or route connected with it, as against any other line or route, when a part of its own line is sought to be run in connection with any other route, shall such railroad discriminate against such connecting line in favor of the balance of its own line, but shall afford the usual and like customary facilities for the interchange of freight to patrons of each and all lines alike.

These rules will apply in such cases as that example case recently held up by the commission in which the Georgia Chemical Works, of Augusta, was the complainant.

It seems that the chemical works sent some fertilizers by the Georgia railroad and Athens to Harmony Grove. In Athens the fertilizers were delayed by the Richmond and Danville refusing to send them on to Harmony Grove. When questioned about the matter the Richmond and Danville replied that they had a route to Harmony Grove from Augusta to Atlanta, and thence to the destination. This would make a much longer route, and make the charges unequal between the Richmond and Danville and the Georgia railroad.

Captain Harry Jackson appeared for the Richmond and Danville and said he had written to correct the wrong, and acknowledged that the railroad operating department was in error.

Macon's New Depot.

The railroad commission says Macon shall have a new depot, equal in capacity to the old one, by the 10th of May, and urge upon the railroads centering there that they must proceed to get it.

The commission does not declare that the depot will be built, and says it must either be a thoroughly new one, or else the old one must be repaired so as to be equal in every respect to the old one which was burned several months ago.

Mr. C. D. N. Burkhalter, representing the people of America, appeared before the commission with the application for as good a rate for fertilizers from Atlanta, as from Savannah to Albany, which is \$2.75 per ton.

It was granted.

Griffin or Warm Springs.

The state militia encampment this year is going either to Griffin or Warm Springs.

It is certain that no other places bidding for the encampment will be "in it." Their bids were thrown out of the question, so to speak.

Macon's bid is N. G. A. Atlanta's was thrown out because it was only for a temporary site; Rome's was thrown out because it reached the office after time; and Chickasaw's, well, there was a flaw somewhere, and it didn't go either.

The advisory board has adjourned without deciding upon any definite place, but the Griffin and Warm Springs will be the only bidders in the field.

It is thought by some of the board that Griffin will get the encampment.

The next meeting has not been fixed for any special time.

School Commissioners' Office.

Hereafter school commissioners in every county in Georgia will be elected on March 10th.

Captain Bradwell so decided yesterday. Mr. Gwin, clerk in the department of education, went down to Rockdale yesterday to start the county institute today.

Those Waycross prisoners, threatened with violence by a mob in Ware county, and recently convicted and sentenced, one for life and one for twenty years in the penitentiary, will be brought to Atlanta today.

Colonel Jones, principal keeper of the penitentiary, sent for them yesterday to be taken to the county jail, and they will pass through Atlanta this morning.

They have been kept in the Savannah jail for protection since their trial, and that is why the authorities are hesitating to take them to the chancery.

The Widows' Pensions.

About thirty thousand dollars went out of the state treasury yesterday to the widows of Confederate soldiers.

About fifty called in person to get their money.

THE ROPE IS READY.

And Only Awaits Identification of the Prisoner to Be Brought Into Play.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 5.—[Special.] A negro named Handy Ingram was arrested and brought to this city last night, suspected of the assault on Mrs. Crump. So sure were the people that he was the right man that a crowd of about one hundred men stayed about the building throughout the entire day awaiting the time when he would be carried out to the residence of Mrs. Crump for identification.

As many more went to the Crump house to wait than there were of the number were bent on meeting out speedy vengeance, the moment Mrs. Crump would say, as all believed she would, that the prisoner was the man. Tins dragged along wearily with the waiting crowds, and when no movement was made by the sheriff to take the man out to the Crump home, it began to be talked that the hesitating was additional and strong circumstantial proof that the right man had been trapped at last, and it was whispered that if the sheriff did not allow Mrs. Crump to see the prisoner and bring him out, the negro would never see another dawn.

About 4 o'clock this afternoon the sheriff sent a carriage and brought Mr. and Mrs. Crump to the jail. Mrs. Crump looked at the five suspected prisoners in the jail, and after careful scrutiny she stated that neither of the number was the man who assaulted her. This statement was announced to the crowd, and was received with more or less distrust by the men who had waited patiently all day to visit summary punishment upon the suspected criminal.

Two of the negroes in the jail and many express the belief that the announcement from the jail door was a blind, and they are still hanging about the building. A number of guns were carried into the building at night, and serious trouble will follow if an effort is made to take the prisoner tonight.

W. C. T. U. Conference.

The members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union are called to meet at the First Baptist church Saturday night, Feb. 6, to arrange for the annual meeting for Mrs. Spill.

Preston's Head-Ache cures any headache—nothing else.

Prices Cream Baking Powder.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard. Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome. No other baking powder does such work.

RUSSIAN REFUGEES.

A School in Atlanta to Teach Them the English Language.

BOYS AND GRANDFATHERS SIDE BY SIDE.

Quite an Interesting Scene in the Hebrew Temple on Forsyth Street Tuesday and Wednesday Nights.

Atlanta seems to be an oasis for the persecuted Russian Jews who are flocking to this country in such overwhelming numbers.

They find friends in Atlanta—friends whose latestrings hang in the breeze on the outside, and whose hearts, hands and pockets are open with a ready welcome to them.

The greatest work that is being done for these persecuted refugees from over the deep blue waters is, beyond all doubt, the school that has been organized among the Hebrews of Atlanta to educate them and make Americans of them in the truest sense of the term.

This school has been put in operation recently, and meets every Tuesday and Thursday night.

There are more than seventy refugees from Russia there, prompt and regular always in attendance, and the interest they manifest in the work for them to do at the school is truly remarkable.

There are young boys fourteen years old; girls just growing into young womanhood's estate; middle-aged men and women, and men whose heads are white as snow with trouble and old age.

It is an impressive scene, and a study of no little meaning to observe the classes that make up the school. On the same bench with a young boy under fifteen years of age, and sitting close by his side, can be seen his grandfather, equally anxious to learn a "smattering" of English before he is called off to join the mighty majority assembling beyond the river.

Frequently it happens that the grandson is tutor to the grandfather and points out the difficulties of English idioms for which the language is noted.

Very apt Scholars They Are.

They are all apt scholars, these Russian Jews.

It is truly wonderful how rapidly some of them learn to speak and write English.

For instance, a few nights ago Mr. J. H. Winkler, one of the teachers, found among the applicants for admission into this school a young woman lately from Russia. She came late to the class any of the classes, and Mr. Winkler took her in charge to prepare her with extra tuition for the advanced classes.

She didn't know a word of English, and of course, didn't have any idea as to how an English letter looked on paper. And yet within an hour and a half she knew the English alphabet, and could read in the second readers and write like all names with all ease.

This is only one instance out of many of this kind. Frequently a refugee appears directly from the tortures of Russian persecution, and seeks admission into the school without knowing anything at all about the tongue he must speak here in whatever business he undertakes. With very few lessons he can talk as to how an English letter looked on paper. And yet within an hour and a half she knew the English alphabet, and could read in the second readers and write like all names with all ease.

It is conducted under the auspices of the Atlanta branch of the American committee for ameliorating the condition of Russian refugees. Mr. Aaron Haas is chairman of the Atlanta branch of this committee and is also member of the executive committee of the national committee, whose headquarters are in New York.

The purpose of the school is to assist the Russian refugees in their efforts to become self-sufficient in this country, and to help them to find employment and to become citizens of this country.

The school is open to all Russian refugees who are able to read and write in their own language, and who are desirous of learning English.

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CURES PNEUMONIA

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Nothing equals it in style, design and finish.

We have many new and beautiful things besides Hawland's fine china.

Our supply of cut glass is unequalled, it is a gem of art. Our designs this year are beyond description.

Nothing is more suitable for a Christmas present than cut glass articles.

We carry goods of merit. Our prices are reasonable.

We have any quantity of lamps, statuary, vases and general bric-a-brac that we will sell at a reduced price to close out. Come at once and make your selection.

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48 Miles Shortest Route Between Callahan and Tampa.

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WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Jacksonville. 7:00 am To Jacksonville. 7:30 am From Jacksonville. 7:30 am To Jacksonville. 8:00 am

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Seville. 7:05 am To Opelika. 7:05 am From West Point. 11:30 am To Montgomery. 4:15 pm From Montgomery. 11:15 am To West Point. 5:45 pm From Opelika. 6:02 pm To Seville. 11:15 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta. 6:30 am To Augusta. 8:00 am From Augusta. 8:00 am To Augusta. 8:30 am From Augusta. 8:30 am To Augusta. 9:00 am

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Jacksonville. 11:15 am To Jacksonville. 11:15 am From Jacksonville. 11:15 am To Jacksonville. 11:15 am

ATLANTA AND WEST ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

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